1	COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA
2	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS
3	BOARD OF MEDICINE
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6	In re: Advisory Board on Acupuncture Public Hearing
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8	Transcript of the above-styled
9	hearing held on Tuesday, the 10th day of February,
10	2004, commencing at 9:15 a.m.
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13	APPEARANCES:
	Pam Nicholson Ola Powers, Deputy Executive Director, Licensing
-	Elaine Yeatts Robert K. Su, M.D.
	Jody Forman, MSW., L.Ac. William L. Harp, M.D., Executive Director
17	Betsy Brooks Carr Marie M. Stephenson, L.Ac.
18	Young Chin Yi, L.Ac.
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23	DENISE M. WHITEHURST Court Reporter 15448 Mountain Road
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25	(804) 883-5504

1	MS. FORMAN: Good morning. I am Judy
2	Forman, Chair of the Advisory Board on Acupuncture.
3	This is a public hearing to receive
4	comments on the proposed regulations that will allow
5	the licensure of an applicant who graduated from a
6	candidacy program in acupuncture provided the program
7	was subsequently accredited within three years of the
8	applicant's graduation.
9	At this time, I will call on persons
10	who have signed up to comment. As I call your name,
11	please come forward and tell us your name and where
12	you are from.
13	Having had no persons to comment, I
14	want to thank all of you all who took the time to
15	come today and offer comment on these regulations.
16	I also want to remind everyone that
17	written comments may be received through March 27,
18	2004 and should be directed to Dr. William Harp,

19 Executive Director of the Board of Medicine. The

20 board is promulgating this regulation through a

fast-track process. Unless there are objections to 21

its adoption, the regulation will become effective 22

April 26, 2004. 23

- 24 Again, thank you for taking the time
- 25 to participate and this concludes-- Before I say

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1 that, does that mean we can't have discussion among 2 us about it? 3 DR. HARP: I think you're asking the question if you want to get comments on this or would 4 5 like to comment on it--6 MS. FORMAN: I would like to comment 7 on it. 8 DR. HARP: --you need to do it before 9 you close the meeting. 10 MS. YEATTS: If any of the advisory board members have comments, this is the time to 11 12 present that.

13 MS. FORMAN: I do have a comment. I 14 just want to throw this out for our consideration. 15 The portion that says if the program 16 is subsequently accredited within three years of an applicant's graduation may pose, in the future, a 17 problem with a person who has graduated from a 18 school, has been in practice for three years and on 19 the third year or even the second year or whatever, 20 21 the school loses its accreditation. Do we have to yank that person's license? Do they surrender their 22 license? 23 24 MS. YEATTS: No, we would not do 25 that.

1	MS. FORMAN: They don't?
2	MS. YEATTS: No. In order for you to
3	lose your license, a license that has been granted to
4	you by the board, the board has got to find cause in
5	law or regulation that has to do with your practice.

6	MS. POWERS: This could happen now,
7	Jody. I could issue a license to someone who is a
8	graduate of an accredited program and that school
9	could lose its accreditation. We would not take
10	their license away because their school was
11	accredited at the time of graduation. This is merely
12	saying that if your school is in candidacy status at
13	the time you graduate, three years later it should
14	have become accredited.
15	MS. FORMAN: But what if it doesn't?
16	What happens to that person?
17	MS. POWERS: That person will not be
18	licensed.
19	MS. FORMAN: So it's on the school,
20	not on the student?
21	MS. POWERS: Right. We're not going
22	to issue the license until after that three years
23	because, hopefully, the school would have met the
24	accrediting requirements.
25	MS. FORMAN: Now I'm really confused.

What do you mean not issuing the license? MS. YEATTS: We're not going to be licensing anyone immediately out of school. If the program is in a candidacy status, we will license that person only after that program becomes an accredited program and they have three years to do that. MS. POWERS: In other words, we're not licensing people in a candidacy status. MS. FORMAN: Oh. MS. YEATTS: And the board was very 12 clear that that was the only way they would accept 13 the regulations. MS. POWERS: The initial thought was 15 to do that. MS. FORMAN: Right. That was our

discussion. 17

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MS. POWERS: The board would not 18

19 accept it.

MS. FORMAN: The board would not 20

accept it? 21

22 MS. YEATTS: The board said what

guarantee do we have that this person's program is 23

subsequently going to become accredited. And we have 24

25 none.

1	MS. FORMAN: So even if the ACAOM
2	MS. YEATTS: Well, if you're going to
3	have an education standard, you may as well get rid
4	of that standard.
5	MS. FORMAN: Do y'all have any
6	comments on this?
7	MS. STEPHENSON: The statement is
8	very confusing the way it's written. I read it and
9	you read it. Are you going to yank the license after
10	they've been given? I guess it's semantics, I guess.
11	How is this different than what has already been the
12	case?
13	MS. POWERS: Right now, unless you
14	are a graduate of an accredited program, you cannot
15	be licensed even if your program becomes accredited
16	the next year.
17	MS. STEPHENSON: Okay.
18	MS. POWERS: Now we're saying if you

19 are a graduate of a candidacy program, you can apply

20 for a license right now. So you have a three-year

21 window for that school to become accredited. And if

22 it does, then you can come to Virginia and say oh, my

23 school is now accredited. I graduated two years ago

- 24 when it was in candidacy status. We will accept you.
- 25 You will be eligible. That's exactly what it says.

1	It's better than nothing, Jody.
2	DR. HARP: There are probably a fair
3	number of folks who have applied before who did not
4	qualify because the school was in candidacy status
5	and the schools have subsequently
6	MS. POWERS: So they would never be
7	licensed.
8	DR. HARP: If their schools were
9	accredited within three years of the applicant's
10	graduationand that's the normal
11	MS. FORMAN: The fourth year, they
12	have to go back to school as far as Virginia goes?

13	MS. YEATTS: Keep in mind that this
14	is going to primarily benefit people who may have
15	been practicing in other states or may have been
16	licensed in another state and they want to come to
17	Virginia, but graduated from a candidacy program. We
18	could never license them in Virginia unless they go
19	back to school and graduate from an accredited
20	program. This will allow them to come to Virginia
21	and be licensed provided their program was
22	subsequently accredited.
23	MS. FORMAN: Yeah, but it's not half
24	a loaf, though.

25 MS. YEATTS: No, it's more than half

2	MS. FORMAN: You think so?
3	MS. YEATTS: Yeah, it's definitely
4	more than half a loaf.
5	DR. HARP: What the information
6	that's gathered today is that it's usually three

7 years for a school to reach approved status. They

8 seldom spend more time than that.

9 MS. CARR: What is your objection or 10 concern?

11 MS. FORMAN: What I remember from our 12 discussions, earlier discussions on this was that the 13 NCCAOM seemed to be terribly important as a criteria for licensure and if the NCCAOM, which does the 14 15 national exam, accepted students in candidacy status 16 to sit the exam, then this would be good enough for 17 us. That was my sense of it. 18 MS. YEATTS: And that may have been 19 good enough for you, but you're not the promulgating 20 board. 21 MS. FORMAN: I understand that. I 22 see that right now. 23 MS. POWERS: You weren't there when 24 it was discussed. 25 MS. YEATTS: It was not good enough

1 for that board. That board said we are not satisfied that--we feel we have potentially a lesser standard 2 of licensee, one who has not achieved the educational 3 standard that all other licensees have achieved. If 4 that program, obviously, is deficient enough that it 5 doesn't ever become accredited or become accredited 6 7 within three years, then that program--and that's three years after the person's graduation--so, 8 9 theoretically, they've got the entire time they're in 10 school, plus another three years for the program to become an accredited program. And if that program is 11 not able to achieve accreditation during that time, 12 it's obvious that person did not receive a quality 13 14 education if we believe graduation from an accredited 15 program is important for licensure, if it's an essential ingredient for licensure. Either it is or 16 17 it isn't. 18 MS. FORMAN: I don't argue with that. And this might be a wise decision, but I want us to 19 thoroughly discuss it so we entertain all aspects of 20 it. I'm being devil's advocate at the moment for 21 purposes of our discussion. 22 23 I would like to point out the situation that happened with the school in Maryland. 24

25 You graduated-- Maybe you're better able to discuss

1 this. The NCCAOM-- As I understand it, the Maryland

2 Institute of Traditional Chinese Medicine in

3 Bethesda, Maryland had a very excellent academic

4 program. An outstanding academic program. But the

5 administration of the school, the business end,

6 wasn't. They didn't have the same standards to put

7 it kindly. And the school went out of business

8 because it was a business problem, not an academic,

9 educational problem.

10 Now those students who had gone

11 through that program and had not graduated-- Is that

12 still in a candidacy status?

13 MS. STEPHENSON: No. They have

14 received accreditation.

15 MS. FORMAN: But the students who

16 were in mid-education there were really left high and

17 dry. They were out of luck. Fortunately, the school

18 in Columbia, Maryland, the Traditional Acupuncture

19 Institute, took them in and said we'll help you

- 20 complete your education, which was a very generous
- 21 thing for that school to do. They have a very
- 22 different theoretical base, but they helped shepherd
- 23 those persons through the education process. So
- 24 there are a lot of things we don't know about.

25 MS. YEATTS: It happens all the time.

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MS. POWERS: There's things that you

2 don't know about. 3 MS. STEPHENSON: It really wouldn't benefit anybody in the Virginia situation like, say, 4 I was in if my school hadn't become accredited when I 5 was attending it. Because even with the NCCAOM 6 7 certification, you have to practice so many hours per year in order to maintain that. So the person would 8 really be in limbo. 9 10 MS. YEATTS: It's primarily going to 11 benefit somebody who has been practicing in other 12 states and graduated-- And many states do license people who have graduated-- Most states do license 13

people who are graduates of candidacy programs. So 14 this will primarily benefit such a person who has 15 been licensed and been practicing and wants to move 16 to Virginia. Right now, we have no option. No way 17 18 of licensing that person based on their graduation from an accredited school. But this will give us 19 that opportunity to do that provided the school was 20 subsequently accredited. If they were accredited and 21 five years later they became unaccredited, the 22 applicant would still qualify because they were 23 accredited within three years. Right? 24

25 MS. POWERS: (Nodding of the head in

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1 the affirmative.)

2 DR. HARP: The other thing the board 3 was presented with was that one in eight or one in 4 ten of these schools in candidacy status do not go on 5 for approval. They felt like they needed to address 6 that and have a policy that would address the ten or

7	12 percent of students that might end up like that.
8	MS. FORMAN: I have no further
9	objections. I certainly thank you for entertaining
10	that discussion.
11	Now I can say the last statement.
12	Again, thank you for taking time to participate.
13	This concludes our hearing.
14	(Whereupon, the hearing adjourned at
15	9:28 a.m.)
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 STATE OF VIRGINIA **3 COUNTY OF HANOVER** I, Denise M. Whitehurst, Court Reporter, certify I reported and transcribed the foregoing, which is complete and accurate to the best of my ability. I am not related to nor employed by any 10 counsel, witnesses, or parties, nor otherwise interested in the outcome thereof. Given under my hand this 18th day of 13 February, 2004. Denise M. Whitehurst, Court Reporter